

1976
DISC
 DISC opens its doors as a DEC OEM, providing business systems to companies in the Sacramento area.

1975
MICROSOFT
 Microsoft is founded. S&H Computing announces the first version of TSX.

1979
 ISAM debuts in DBL version 1.2.

1978
 DEC VAX is introduced.

1980
 Seagate Technology creates the first hard disk drive for microcomputers.

1978
DBL
 The first version of DBL (Data Business Language) is written by Ken Lidster and Mike Morrissey in assembly language so they can create less expensive systems with DEC CPUs and third-party hardware.

1980
 DBL version 2 is released. New features include .INCLUDE, global storage definition, and fixed-length binary I/O.

1981
 The IBM PC ships, introducing MS-DOS to the general public.

1983
 The global internet is created. The first fully functional "laptop" is introduced.

1985
 Microsoft ships Windows 1.0.

1984
 Cellular phones become commercially available.

1984
 DBL is rewritten in C, making version 4 truly cross-platform, running on VMS, TSX, and a range of MS-DOS and UNIX machines.

1987
 The first DBL Developer's Conference is held.

1989
 The first incarnations of Repository and ReportWriter are released.

1989
 The World Wide Web is invented, giving the world its first website.

1992
 DEC releases Alpha chip architecture.

1991
 DISC buys Softbol (another DIBOL-based language) and now holds 70% of the DIBOL market.

1990
 Developer's Toolkit (now UI Toolkit) is unveiled.

1992
ANSI
 American National Standards Institute

1992
 DBL becomes an ANSI standard language with the release of version 5.

1993
 Intel's Pentium microprocessor is announced.

1995
 Synergex moves to Gold River.

1995
 Windows 95 is launched.

1993
 DISC takes over DEC's DIBOL market.

1996
 DISC renames itself Synergex, a combination of "synergy" and "apex," and DBL becomes Synergy Language. Client/server and ODBC are supported.

1995
 DBL goes GUI when version 5.7 is released on Windows 95 and NT.

1997
 Visual Studio is born.

1998
 Compaq acquires DEC.

1998
 Synergy 6.3 enables Java front-ends to access Synergy applications with xServerPlus and xNetLink Java.

2002
 Microsoft releases .NET. HP acquires Compaq.

2000
 The REST style is created, changing the future of APIs.

1999
 Synergy 7.1 is released, with the Workbench development environment and xNetLink COM. Linux is now supported.

2002
 xNetLink .NET joins Synergy in 7.5.3.

2003
 Synergy 8 includes XML parser and HTTP support, enabling integration with web services.

2004
 Facebook is launched.

2007
 Apple releases the iPhone, with the first phone OS as advanced as its desktop counterpart.

2007
 Synergy becomes an object-oriented language in version 9.1.

2005
 YouTube is created.

2008
 GitHub launches, hosting open-source projects.

2010
 Synergy 9.5 opens new doors by supporting Microsoft's .NET Framework and Visual Studio integration for Synergy .NET applications.

2012
 Synergex returns to its roots by renaming the language Synergy DBL in the 10.1 release.

2015
 Windows 10 is released.

2014
10.3
 Synergy 10.3 goes mobile, with support for Android and iOS devices.

2016
 Traditional Synergy applications can be developed in Visual Studio.

2016
 TikTok is introduced (under the name Douyin).

2017
 Synergex gets a new logo.

TikTok

2018
 Synergex moves to new digs.

2018
 GitHub is acquired by Microsoft.

2018
Harmony Core
 Synergex unveils the Harmony Core web services framework.

2019
 DevOps practices become organizational norms.

2019
REV 11 LICENSING
 Synergy 11 is released, including REV11 licensing and its automated, cloud-based key delivery.

2021
 Synergex holds its first ever virtual DevPartner Conference.

2020
 Due to the Covid-19 pandemic, working remotely becomes the new norm for millions of people.

2019
 5G mobile service is introduced, and worldwide deployment begins.

2022
 Synergex establishes a new long-term support release strategy and releases its first LTS version, Synergy 12.1.

2022
 ChatGPT launches, marking the introduction of the first large-scale generative AI system.

2024
 Synergy 12.3 delivers support for .NET on Linux.

2023
 Synergex is acquired by Constellation Software, Inc.

2025
 Synergex's Streaming Integration Platform debuts, enabling DBL applications to take advantage of distributed processing.

STREAMING INTEGRATION PLATFORM



2026
 Synergex celebrates its 50th anniversary.